User Guide
Model MT5634ZBA-USB-Mac
P/N S0000002 Rev. A

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Record of Revisions

<table>
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Notice

Though these modems are capable of 56K bps download performance, line impairments, public telephone infrastructure and other external technological factors currently prevent maximum 56K bps connections.
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Chapter 1 - Introduction and Description
Introduction

Welcome to the world of data communications. You have acquired one of the finest intelligent data and fax modems available today from one of America’s oldest and most respected modem manufacturers: Multi-Tech Systems, Inc. This User Guide will help you install, configure, test and use your modem as well as provide links to useful Web sites and other resources.

Product Description

The MT5634ZBA-USB-Mac modem (hereafter MultiModemUSB) incorporates V.90™ technology, which enables Internet connections at data rates up to 53K bps* over standard telephone lines. V.90 technology is able to send data downstream from the Internet to your computer at these speeds because data on the telephone network typically is converted from digital to analog only once before it reaches your modem. Upstream transmissions, and transmissions between client modems, are limited to data rates of 33.6K bps, as are downstream transmissions that are converted more than once on the telephone network.

The MultiModemUSB comes with interactive automatic dialing and command mode configuration. In standard mode, you can store up to two command lines or telephone numbers of up to 40 characters each in the modem’s nonvolatile memory. The modem pulse- or tone-dials, and recognizes dial tones and busy signals for reliable call-progress detection. The modem can detect AT&T calling card tones, and also has Caller ID, remote configuration and incorporates self-resetting lightning protection. The modem is FCC-registered for connection without notification to the telephone company.

The MultiModemUSB is a full-duplex intelligent modem with V.42 error correction, V.42bis data compression, and V.17 (14,400 bps), Class 1 and 2, Group 3 fax capabilities.

Universal Serial Bus (USB)

Universal Serial Bus (USB), defined by a consortium of industry leaders, permits connection of multiple low-speed and medium speed computer peripheral devices such as telephones, modems, printers, keyboards, mice, and scanners; all from a single port. The specification, based on an open architecture is quickly becoming a standard feature in new desktop and notebook computers. For more details on the Universal Serial Bus, refer to the USB Public Web Board on the World Wide Web, at:

http://www.usb.org/

* Although V.90 technology is capable of downloads of up to 56K bps, FCC regulations currently restrict ISP modems to downloads of 53K bps.
Your modem package has several components. Make sure you have them all before trying to operate your modem. Your package should include:

- One MT5634ZBA-USB-Mac modem
- One set of four plastic feet
- One modular telephone cable
- One USB cable
- One Installation CD
- This *MT5634ZBA-USB User Guide* (on Installation CD)
- *MT5634ZBA-USB Quick Start Guide*

If any of these items are missing, please contact Multi-Tech Systems or your dealer/distributor (see Appendix D for information on contacting Multi-Tech via telephone, fax or the Internet).
Introduction

We know you are eager to get your Multi-Tech modem up and running, so we’ll skip the features for now, and show you how to set it up and install it on your computer. For a more detailed description of your modem’s features, please refer to the Chapter 3 - Features.

What You Will Need

Before starting, please make sure you have everything you need:

We supply

- An MT5634ZBA-USB-Mac data/fax modem
- One set of four plastic feet
- One modular telephone cable
- One USB cable
- A Quick Start Guide
- An installation CD (which includes this User Guide)

You supply

- A computer with an unused USB port and Mac OS 8.5 or higher
- A nearby telephone line jack

If you are new to computers, see Chapter 3 - Features, for more information about the required equipment.

Safety Warnings

Before you begin connecting your modem, please read through the following safety instructions:

- This product is to be used with UL- and CUL-listed computers.
- Never install telephone wiring during a lightning storm.
- Never install a telephone jack in a wet location unless the jack is specifically designed for wet locations.
- Never touch uninsulated telephone wires or terminals unless the telephone line has been disconnected at the network interface.
- Use caution when installing or modifying telephone lines.
- Avoid using a telephone (other than a cordless type) during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electrical shock from lightning.
- Do not use the telephone to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leak.
- To reduce the risk of fire, use only 26 AWG or larger telecommunication line cord.
Step 1: Assemble the Modem

The only assembly required is to mount the feet on the bottom of the modem. Simply peel the four self-adhesive plastic feet off the backing strip and press them into the recesses on the bottom of the modem.

*Figure 2-1. Mounting the feet.*
Step 2: Install the Software

Note: You must have Mac OS 8.5 or later to perform this installation. If you need to upgrade, go to http://asu.info.apple.com/. Once you have done this, proceed with the installation that follows.

Follow these steps to install the software on your computer.

1. Turn on your computer.
2. Insert the Installation CD. The Installation CD icon appears on the desktop.
3. Double click the CD icon.
4. Double click on Install MT5634ZBA-USB. The MT5634ZBA-USB Installation Script dialog box appears.
5. Click Install.

   Note: If you have other applications running a dialog message will be displayed instructing you to close all other applications. If this is the case, click Continue to close applications and continue with the installation.

6. When installation is finished, a dialog message will be displayed telling you that installation was successful. Click Quit to complete the installation.
Step 3: Connect the Modem to Your System

Placing the modem in a convenient location, connect it to your computer’s USB port, to the telephone line, and, optionally, to your telephone. Figure 2-2 shows the connections.

Figure 2-2. MultiModemUSB Cabling (iMac™)

**Line Connection**

Plug one end of the line cable into the modem’s LINE jack*, and the other end into a phone line wall jack.

**Phone Connection**

For voice-only calls (optional), you can plug a telephone into the modem’s PHONE jack*.

* **Note:** The LINE jack is not interchangeable with the PHONE jack. Do not plug the phone into the LINE jack or the line cable into the PHONE jack.

**USB Connection**

Plug the Type B (D-shaped) end of the USB cable into the USB connector on the modem, and the Type A (flat) end into a USB port connector on your computer*. See Figure 2-2.

* **Note:** Do not plug the modem into the USB port on your keyboard—this port is for low power devices such as a mouse.

Once the USB cable is connected, the TR (Terminal Ready) indicator lights, indicating the modem has been recognized by the computer.
Step 4: Select the Modem

1. Click Apple () menu | Control Panels | Modem. The Modem dialog box is displayed.
2. In the Connect via pull-down list, select MT5634ZBA-USB.
3. In the Setup group, select MT5634ZBA-USB from the Modem pull-down list.
4. Close the Modem dialog box, and click Save when prompted to save changes.

Step 5: Test Your Modem

If you already have an Internet account, the simplest way to test your modem is to try logging on to the Internet. If the modem does not connect successfully, refer to Chapter 6 for troubleshooting tips, or to Appendix D for information on contacting Technical Support.
MultiModem™
56K Data/Fax Modem with USB

Chapter 3 - Features
What Can You Do with Your Modem?

Your Multi-Tech modem is the gateway to the exciting world of telecommunications.

You can use it to access commercial on-line information services such as CompuServe, America Online, Genie, and Prodigy. These services provide access to databases, encyclopedias, stock reports, news, weather, and shopping. They provide electronic mail (e-mail) links to subscribers of the same and other services. Public message areas called forums allow subscribers to trade information and opinions on a vast array of topics from A to Z, while vendor forums provide hardware and software support from Multi-Tech and other manufacturers. Online services also allow you to upload and download computer programs, data files, and updated software such as video and printer drivers.

Your modem can also connect you to the Internet, an international computer network of universities, libraries, businesses, and government agencies. Like the commercial online services, the Internet provides e-mail services, public message areas, and access to information and software, much of it easily accessed through the World Wide Web.

Other uses include direct links to colleagues with modems, to banks, and to service bureaus. You can also telecommute with your fax modem—work at home while communicating with the office by modem or fax.

And of course, you can use your modem to exchange faxes with any fax machine in the world, enabling you to communicate quickly with businesses and organizations that do not have direct data communications.

Features

- Compliance with major ITU-T, TIA, and EIA international standards to ensure compatibility with other modems.
- Caller ID capability can identify a caller’s phone number (available only on U.S. products).
- Limited warranty: Ten years

Data

- Supports the V.90 standard for data transmission speeds up to 56K bps while maintaining compatibility with lower-speed modems.
- Supports the enhanced ITU-T V.34 standard, with data transmission speeds to 33.6K bps.
- Supports automatic fallback to slower speeds in noisy line conditions, and fall-forward to faster speeds as conditions improve.
- ITU-T V.42 LAP-M and MNP Class 3 and 4 error correction.
- ITU-T V.42bis (4-to-1) and MNP 5 (2-to-1) data compression.
- Automatically disables data compression when transferring already-compressed files.
- Autodial, redial, pulse (rotary) and touch-tone dial.
- Dial tone and busy signal detection for reliable call-progress reporting.
- Compatible with the standard AT command set used by most communication programs.
Fax

- Supports V.17, Group 3 fax communication standards, allowing it to communicate with other fax modems as well as with fax machines.
- Responds to EIA/TIA Class 1 and 2 fax commands.
- Sends and receives faxes from your computer at 14,400 bps, 9600 bps, 7200 bps, 4800 bps, 2400 bps, or 300 bps.

Required Equipment

In addition to the contents of your modem package, you need the following equipment.

Computer

Your modem can only be connected to a computer with a USB port.

Telephone Line

You must have a telephone line with jack (connector) that accepts the cable that comes with the modem. If you do not have a telephone jack near your computer, you should install one before proceeding.

Do-it-yourself telephone extension kits and accessories are available wherever telephones are sold. You may also hire an independent contractor or your local telephone company to install an extension. If you want a separate line for your fax modem, you must contact your telephone company.

Communications Software

To operate your modem, you must have data communications and fax communications software. Data communications software simplifies control of the modem by guiding you through the process of selecting your serial port, your port speed, and other variables, and then storing your settings, including frequently called phone numbers, so they can be recalled with the stroke of a key or the click of a mouse. Data communications software must be set up (or configured) before you can use it.
Connections

To use your modem, you must connect it to your computer ("USB"), to a telephone line ("LINE"), and optionally to a telephone set ("PHONE").

Figure 3-1. USB and communications connectors.

Connecting to the Computer ("USB")

Using a USB cable, connect the USB connector on the modem to a USB connector on the back of your computer*.

* Note: Do not plug the modem into the USB port on your keyboard—this port is for low power devices such as a mouse.

Connecting to the Telephone Line ("LINE")

Plug one end of the cable provided with the modem into the telephone jack in your home or office. Plug the other end into the LINE jack on the modem.

Note: The LINE jack is not interchangeable with the PHONE jack. Do not plug the telephone into the LINE jack or the line cable into the PHONE jack.

Note: The Federal Communications Commission (FCC), Industry Canada, and other regulatory agencies impose certain restrictions on equipment connected to public telephone systems. See Appendix A for more information.

Connecting to a Telephone Set ("PHONE")

If you wish to connect a telephone to the same line as the modem, you can plug it into the modem’s PHONE jack. This connector is provided as a convenience; you can also connect your telephone to a duplex jack inserted into your wall jack.

Note: The PHONE jack is not interchangeable with the LINE jack; do not plug the telephone into the LINE jack or the line cable into the PHONE jack.

Surge Protectors and Lightning

Your modem has self-resetting lightning protection to protect it from electrical spikes on the telephone line. During an electrical storm, your safest course is to unplug your computer equipment from both the power outlet and the telephone line.
Front Panel

The MT5634ZBA-USB has 6 LED indicators on the front panel that indicate status, configuration, and activity:

- **TD** Transmit Data. The TD LED flashes when the modem is transmitting data to another modem.
- **RD** Receive Data. The RD LED flashes when the modem is receiving data from another modem.
- **CD** Carrier Detect. The CD LED lights when the modem detects a valid carrier signal from another modem. It is on when the modem is communicating with the other modem and off when the link is broken.
- **OH** Off-Hook. The OH LED lights when the modem is off-hook, which occurs when the modem is dialing, online, or answering a call. The LED flashes when the modem pulse-dials.
- **TR** Terminal Ready. The TR LED lights when the computer detects and initializes the modem.
- **Power**. The PWR led lights when the system is applying power to the modem.
Chapter 4 - AT Commands, S-Registers and Result Codes
AT Commands

AT commands are used to control the operation of your modem. They are so called because each command must be preceded by the characters AT to get the ATention of the modem.

AT commands can be issued only when the modem is in command mode or online command mode. The modem is in command mode whenever it is not connected to another modem. The modem is in data mode whenever it is connected to another modem and ready to exchange data. Online command mode is a temporary state in which you can issue commands to the modem while connected to another modem. To put the modem into online command mode from data mode, you must issue an escape sequence (+++), followed immediately by the AT characters and the command, e.g., +++ATH to hang up the modem. To return to data mode from online command mode, you must issue the command ATO.

To send AT commands to the modem you must use a communications program. You can issue commands to the modem either directly, by typing them in the terminal window of the communications program, or indirectly, by configuring the operating system or communications program to send the commands automatically. Fortunately, communications programs make daily operation of modems effortless by hiding the commands from the user. Most users, therefore, need to use AT commands only when reconfiguring the modem, e.g., to turn autoanswer on or off.

The format for entering an AT command is ATXn, where X is the command and n is the specific value for the command, sometimes called the command parameter. The value is always a number. If the value is zero, you can omit it from the command; thus, AT&W is equivalent to AT&W0. Most commands have a default value, which is the value that is set at the factory. The default values are shown in the “AT Command Summary,” which begins on the next page.

You must press ENTER to send the command to the modem. Any time the modem receives a command, it sends a response known as a result code. The most common result codes are OK, ERROR, and the CONNECT messages that the modem sends to the computer when it is connecting to another modem. For a table of valid result codes, see “Result Codes” at the end of this chapter.

You can issue several commands in one line, in what is called a command string. The command string begins with AT and ends when you press ENTER. Spaces to separate the commands are optional; they are ignored by the command interpreter. The most familiar command string is the initialization string, which is used to configure the modem when it is turned on or reset, or when your communications software calls another modem.
AT Command Summary

Command: **AT** **Attention Code**  
Values: n/a  
Description: The attention code precedes all command lines except A/, A:, and escape sequences.

Command: **ENTER Key**  
Values: n/a  
Description: Press the ENTER (RETURN) key to execute most commands.

Command: **A** **Answer**  
Values: n/a  
Description: Answer call before final ring.

Command: **A/** **Repeat Last Command**  
Values: n/a  
Description: Repeat the last command string. Do not precede this command with AT. Do not press ENTER to execute.

Command: **Bn** **Communication Standard Setting**  
Values: \( n = 0–3, 15, 16 \)  
Default: 1 and 16  
Description:
- **B0** Select ITU-T V.22 mode when modem is at 1200 bps.
- **B1** Select Bell 212A when modem is at 1200 bps.
- **B2** Deselect V.23 reverse channel (same as **B3**).
- **B3** Deselect V.23 reverse channel (same as **B2**).
- **B15** Select V.21 when the modem is at 300 bps.
- **B16** Select Bell 103J when the modem is at 300 bps.

Command: **Cn** **Carrier Control**  
Values: \( n = 1 \)  
Default: 1  
Description:
- **C0** Transmit carrier always off. (Not supported.)
- **C1** Normal transmit carrier switching (included for backward compatibility with some software).

Command: **Ds** **Dial**  
Values: \( s = \text{dial string (phone number and dial modifiers)} \)  
Default: none  
Description: Dial telephone number \( s \), where \( s \) may up to 40 characters long and include the 0–9, *, #, A, B, C, and D characters, and the \( L, P, T, V, W, S \), comma (,), semicolon (;), !, @, ^, and $ dial string modifiers.  

**Dial string modifiers:**
- **L** Redial last number. (Must be placed immediately after ATD.)
- **P** Pulse-dial following numbers in command.
- **T** Tone-dial following numbers in command (default).
- **V** Switch to speakerphone mode and dial the following number. Use ATH command to hang up.
- **W** Wait for a new dial tone before continuing to dial. (X2, X4, X5, X6, or X7 must be selected.)
- `,` Pause during dialing for time set in register S8.
- `;` Return to command mode after dialing. (Place at end of dial string.)
- `!` Hook flash. Causes the modem to go on-hook for one-half second, then off-hook again.
@ Wait for quiet answer. Causes modem to wait for a ringback, then 5 seconds of silence, before processing next part of command. If silence is not detected, the modem returns a NO ANSWER code.

^ Disable data calling tone transmission.

$ Detect AT&T call card “bong” tone. The character should follow the phone number and precede the user's call card number: \texttt{ATDT1028806127853500$123456789}

Command: \texttt{DS=n} Dial Stored Telephone Number
Values: \( n = 0–1 \)
Default: none
Description: Dial a number previously stored in directory number \( y \) by the \&Zy=x command.
Example: \texttt{ATDS=1}

Command: \texttt{En} Echo Command Mode Characters
Values: \( n = 0 \) or 1
Default: 1
Description:E0 Do not echo keyboard input to the terminal.
E1 Do echo keyboard input to the terminal.

Command: \texttt{Fn} Echo Online Data Characters
Values: \( n = 1 \)
Default: 1
Description:F0 Enable online data character echo. (Not supported.)
F1 Disable online data character echo (included for backward compatibility with some software).

Command: \texttt{Hn} Hook Control
Values: \( n = 0 \) or 1
Default: 0
Description:H0 Go on-hook (hang up).
H1 Go off-hook (make the phone line busy).

Command: \texttt{In} Information Request
Values: \( n = 0–5, 9, 11 \)
Default: None
Description:I0 Display default speed and controller firmware version.
I1 Calculate and display ROM checksum (e.g., 12AB).
I2 Check ROM and verify the checksum, displaying OK or ERROR.
I3 Display default speed and controller firmware version.
I4 Display firmware version for data pump (e.g., 94).
I5 Display the board ID: software version, hardware version, and country ID
I9 Display the country code (e.g., NA Ver. 1).
I11 Display diagnostic information for the last modem connection, such as DSP and firmware version, link type, line speed, serial speed, type of error correction/data compression, number of past retrain, etc.

Command: \texttt{Ln} Monitor Speaker Volume
Values: \( n = 0, 1, 2, \) or 3
Default: 2
Description:L0 Select low volume.
L1 Select low volume.
L2 Select medium volume.
L3 Select high volume.
Chapter 4 - AT Commands, S-Registers and Result Codes

**Command: Mn**  
Monitor Speaker Mode  
Values:  
$n = 0, 1, 2, \text{ or } 3$  
Default: 1  
Description:  
M0 Speaker always off.  
M1 Speaker on until carrier signal detected.  
M2 Speaker always on when modem is off-hook.  
M3 Speaker on until carrier is detected, except while dialing.

**Command: Nn**  
Modulation Handshake  
Values:  
$n = 0 \text{ or } 1$  
Default: 1  
Description:  
N0 Modem performs handshake only at communication standard specified by $S37$ and the $B$ command.  
N1 Modem begins handshake at communication standard specified by $S37$ and the $B$ command. During handshake, fallback to a lower speed can occur.

**Command: On**  
Return Online to Data Mode  
Values:  
0, 1, 3  
Default: None  
Description:  
O0 Exit online command mode and return to data mode (see $+++\text{AT}<CR>$ escape sequence ).  
O1 Issue a retrain and return to online data mode.  
O3 Issue a rate renegotiation and return to data mode.

**Command: P**  
Pulse Dialing  
Values:  
P, T  
Default: T  
Description: Configures the modem for pulse (non-touch-tone) dialing. Dialed digits are pulsed until a $T$ command or dial modifier is received.

**Command: Qn**  
Result Codes Enable/Disable  
Values:  
$n = 0 \text{ or } 1$  
Default: None  
Description:  
Q0 Enable result codes.  
Q1 Disable result codes.  
Q2 Returns an OK for backward compatibility with some software.

**Command: S=r=n**  
Set Register Value  
Values:  
r = S-register number; $n$ varies  
Default: None  
Description: Set value of register $Sr$ to value of $n$, where $n$ is entered in decimal format. E.g., $S0=1$.

**Command: S=r??**  
Read Register Value  
Values:  
r = S-register number  
Default: None  
Description: Read value of register $Sr$ and display it in 3-digit decimal form. E.g., $S2?$ gives the response 043.

**Command: T**  
Tone Dialing  
Values:  
P, T  
Default: T  
Description: Configures the modem for DTMF (touch-tone) dialing. Dialed digits are tone dialed until a $P$ command or dial modifier is received.
## Command: `Vn`  Result Code Format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Values:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( n = 0 ) or ( 1 )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Default:** 1

**Description:**
- **V0** Displays result codes as digits (terse response).
- **V1** Displays result codes as words (verbose response).

## Command: `Wn`  Result Code Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Values:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( n = 0, 1, ) or ( 2 )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Default:** 2

**Description:**
- **W0** CONNECT result code reports serial port speed, disables protocol result codes.
- **W1** CONNECT result code reports serial port speed, enables protocol result codes.
- **W2** CONNECT result code reports line speed, enables protocol result codes.

## Command: `Xn`  Result Code Selection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Values:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( n = 0–7 )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Default:** 4

**Description:**
- **X0** Basic result codes (e.g., CONNECT); does not look for dial tone or busy signal.
- **X1** Extended result codes (e.g., CONNECT 46000 V42bis); does not look for dial tone or busy signal.
- **X2** Extended result codes with **NO DIALTONE**; does not look for busy signal.
- **X3** Extended result codes with **BUSY**; does not look for dial tone.
- **X4** Extended result codes with **NO DIALTONE** and **BUSY**.
- **X5** Extended result codes with **NO DIALTONE** and **BUSY**.
- **X6** Extended result codes with **NO DIALTONE** and **BUSY**.
- **X7** Basic result codes with **NO DIALTONE** and **BUSY**.

## Command: `Yn`  Long Space Disconnect

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Values:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( n = 0 )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Default:** 0

**Description:**
- **Y0** Disable sending or responding to long space break signal on disconnect.
- **Y1** Enable sending or responding to long space break signal on disconnect. (Not supported.)

## Command: `Zn`  Modem Reset

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Values:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( n = 0 ) or ( 1 )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Default:** None

**Description:**
- **Z0** Reset modem to profile saved by the last `&W` command.
- **Z1** Same as `Z0`.

## Command: `&Bn`  V.32 Auto Retrain

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Values:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( n = 1 )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Default:** 1

**Description:**
- **&B0** Disable V.32 auto retrain. (Not supported.)
- **&B1** Enable V.32 auto retrain.

## Command: `&Cn`  Data Carrier Detect (DCD) Control

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Values:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( n = 0 ) or ( 1 )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Default:** 1

**Description:**
- **&C0** Forces the DCD circuit to be always high.
- **&C1** DCD goes high when the remote modem’s carrier signal is detected, and goes low when the carrier signal is not detected.
Chapter 4 - AT Commands, S-Registers and Result Codes

Command: &F n  Load Factory Settings
Values: n = 0
Default: None
Description: &F0 Load factory settings as active configuration.

Note: See also the Z command.

Command: &G n  V.22bis Guard Tone Control
Values: n = 0, 1, or 2
Default: 0
Description: &G0 Disable guard tone.
&G1 Set guard tone to 550 Hz.
&G2 Set guard tone to 1800 Hz.

Note: The &G command is not used in North America.

Command: &J n  Auxiliary Relay Control
Values: n = 0
Default: 0
Description: &J0 The auxiliary relay is never closed.
&J1 Not supported—responds ERROR.

Command: &K n  Flow Control Selection
Values: n = 0, 3, or 4
Defaults: 3
Description: &K0 Disable flow control.
&K3 Enable CTS/RTS hardware flow control.
&K4 Enable XON/XOFF software flow control.

Command: &M n  Communications Mode
Values: n = 0
Default: 0
Description: &M0 Asynchronous mode.
&M1 Not supported—responds ERROR.

Command: &Q n  Asynchronous Communications Mode
Values: n = 0, 5, 6, 8, or 9
Default: 5
Description: &Q0 Asynchronous with data buffering. Same as iN0.
&Q5 Error control with data buffering. Same as iN3.
&Q6 Asynchronous with data buffering. Same as iN0.
&Q8 MNP error control mode. If MNP error control is not established, the modem falls back according to the setting in S36.
&Q9 V.42 or MNP error control mode. If neither error control is established, the modem falls back according to the setting in S36.

Command: &S n  Data Set Ready (DSR) Control
Values: n = 0 or 1
Default: 0
Description: &S0 Force DSR always high (on).
&S1 Let DSR go high only during a connection.
Command: **&Tn**  **V.54 Test Commands**  
Values: \( n = 0, 1, 3 \) or 6  
Default: None  
Description:  
**&T0** Abort. Stop any test in progress.  
**&T1** Local analog loopback test.  
**&T3** Local digital loopback test.  

**Note:** To stop a test, you must use the escape sequence ("+++AT") before typing AT&T0.

Command: **&V**  **Display Current Settings**  
Values: n/a  
Default: None  
Description: Displays the active modem settings, including the callback security settings if callback security is enabled. If the setup password has been entered, it also displays the callback security passwords.

Command: **&Wn**  **Store Current Configuration**  
Values: \( n = 0 \)  
Default: None  
Description:  
**&W0** Stores current modem settings in nonvolatile memory and causes them to be loaded at power-on or following the ATZ command instead of the factory defaults. See also the **&F** command.  
**&W1** Clears user default settings from nonvolatile memory and causes the factory defaults to be loaded at power-on or following the ATZ command.

Command: **&Yn**  **Select Stored Configuration for Hard Reset**  
Values: \( n = 0 \)  
Default: 0  
Description:  
**&Y0** Select stored configuration 0 on power-up. (For backward compatibility with some software.)  
**&Y1** Not supported—responds ERROR.

Command: **&Zy=x**  **Store Dialing Command**  
Values: \( y = 0–1 \)  
\( x = \) Dialing command  
Default: None  
Description: Stores dialing command \( x \) in memory location \( y \). Dial the stored number using the command ATDS=y.

Command: **\An**  **Select Maximum MNP Block Size**  
Values: \( n = 0, 1, 2, \) or 3  
Default: 3  
Description:  
**\A0** 64-character maximum.  
**\A1** 128-character maximum.  
**\A2** 192-character maximum.  
**\A3** 256-character maximum.

Command: **\Bn**  **Transmit Break**  
Values: \( n = 0–9 \) in 100 ms units  
Default: 3  
Description: In non-error-correction mode only, sends a break signal of the specified length to a remote modem. Works in conjunction with the **\K** command.
Chapter 4 - AT Commands, S-Registers and Result Codes

Command: \Gn  Modem Port Flow Control
Values: \n = 0
Default: 0
Description: \G0 Returns an OK for backward compatibility with some software.
\G1 Not supported—responds ERROR.

Command: \Jn  Data Buffer Control
Values: \n = 0
Default: 0
Description: \J0 Enable data buffer—serial port speed is independent of connect speed.
\J1 Disable data buffer—serial port speed is forced to the line speed.

Command: \Kn  Break Control
Values: \n = 0–5
Default: 5
Description: Controls the response of the modem to a break received from the computer, the remote modem, or the \B command. The response is different for each of three different states.

  Data mode. The modem receives the break from the computer:
  \K0 Enter online command mode, no break sent to the remote modem.
  \K1 Clear data buffers and send break to the remote modem.
  \K2 Same as \K0.
  \K3 Send break immediately to the remote modem.
  \K4 Same as \K0.
  \K5 Send break to the remote modem in sequence with the transmitted data.

  Data mode. The modem receives the break from the remote modem:
  \K0 Clear data buffers and send break to the computer.
  \K1 Same as \K0.
  \K2 Send break immediately to the computer.
  \K3 Same as \K2.
  \K4 Send break to the computer in sequence with the received data.
  \K5 Same as \K4.

  Online command mode. The modem receives a \Bn command from the computer:
  \K0 Clear data buffers and send break to the remote modem.
  \K1 Same as \K0.
  \K2 Send break immediately to the remote modem.
  \K3 Same as \K2.
  \K4 Send break to the remote modem in sequence with the transmitted data.
  \K5 Same as \K4.

Command: \Nn  Error Correction Mode Selection
Values: \n = 0–5, or 7
Default: 3
Description: \N0 Non-error correction mode with data buffering (buffer mode; same as &Q6).
\N1 Direct mode.
\N2 MNP reliable mode. If the modem cannot make an MNP connection, it disconnects.
\N3 V.42/MNP auto-reliable mode. The modem attempts first to connect in V.42 error correction mode, then in MNP mode, and finally in non-error-correction (buffer) mode with continued operation.
\N4 V.42 reliable mode. If the modem cannot make a V.42 connection, it disconnects.
\N5 V.42, MNP, or non-error correction (same as \N3).
\N7 V.42, MNP, or non-error correction (same as \N3).
Command: \Qn  **Flow Control Selection**
Values: \n = 0, 1, or 3
Default: 3
Description:\Q0 Disable flow control (same as \K0).
\Q1 XON/XOFF software flow control (same as \K4).
\Q2 CTS-only flow control. Not supported.
\Q3 RTS/CTS hardware flow control (same as \K3).

Command: \Tn  **Inactivity Timer**
Values: \n = 0, 1–255
Default: 0
Description:\Tn Sets the time (in minutes) after the last character is sent or received that the modem waits before disconnecting. A value of zero disables the timer. Applies only in buffer mode.

**Note:** You can also set the inactivity timer by changing the value of \S30.

Command: \Vn  **Protocol Result Code**
Values: \n = 0, 1, or 2
Default: 1
Description:\V0 Disable the appending of the protocol result code to the DCE speed.
\V1 Enable the appending of the protocol result code to the DCE speed.
\V2 Same as \V1.

Command: \Xn  **XON/XOFF Pass-Through**
Values: \n = 0 or 1
Defaults: 0
Description:\X0 Modem responds to and discards XON/XOFF characters.
\X1 Modem responds to and passes XON/XOFF characters.

Command: -\Cn  **Data Calling Tone**
Values: \n = 0 or 1
Defaults: 0
Description:-\C0 Disable V.25 data calling tone to deny remote data/fax/voice discrimination.
-\C1 Enable V.25 data calling tone to allow remote data/fax/voice discrimination.

Command: %B  **View Numbers in Blacklist**
Values: n/a
Description: If blacklisting is in effect, AT\%B displays the numbers for which the last call attempted in the previous two hours failed. In countries that do not require blacklisting, the ERROR result code appears.

Command: %Cn  **Data Compression Control**
Values: \n = 0 or 1
Default: 1
Description:%C0 Disable V.42bis/MNP 5 data compression.
%C1 Enable V.42bis/MNP 5 data compression.

Command: %DCnAT  **Command Control**
Values: \n = 0 or 1
Default: 0
Description: %DC0 The modem responds to AT commands.
%DC1 The modem ignores AT commands.

**Note:** The modem will respond to AT\%DC for 10 seconds after power-up.
Command: %En  **Fallback and Fall Forward Control**  
Values: \( n = 0, 1, \text{ or } 2 \)  
Default: 2  
Description:
- %E0: Disable fallback and fall forward.  
- %E1: Enable fallback, disable fall forward.  
- %E2: Enable fallback and fall forward.

Command: #Sx  **Enter Setup Password**  
Values: \( x = \) password (1–8 characters, case sensitive)  
Default: MTSMODEM  
Description: Enters the remote configuration setup password.

Command: #S=x  **Store Setup Password**  
Values: \( x = \) password (1–8 characters, case sensitive)  
Default: MTSMODEM  
Description: Stores a new remote configuration setup password.

Command: +++AT<CR>  **Escape Sequence**  
Values: n/a  
Description: Puts the modem in command mode (and optionally issues a command) while remaining online. Type +++AT and up to ten command characters, then press ENTER. Used mostly to issue the hang-up command: +++ATH<CR>.

Command: %%%AT<CR>  **Remote Configuration Escape Sequence**  
Values: n/a  
Description: Initiates remote configuration mode while online with remote modem. The remote configuration escape character (\%) is defined in register \textit{S13}. 
S-Registers

Certain modem values, or parameters, are stored in memory locations called S-registers. Use the S command to read or to alter the contents of S-registers (see previous section).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Register</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S0</td>
<td>1 ring</td>
<td>0, 1–255</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sets the number of rings until the modem answers. <strong>ATS0=0</strong> disables autoanswer completely.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S1</td>
<td>1 ring</td>
<td>0–255</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Counts the rings that have occurred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S2</td>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>0–127</td>
<td>43 (+)</td>
<td>Sets ASCII code for the escape sequence character. Values greater than 127 disable escape.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>128–255</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S3</td>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>0–127</td>
<td>13 (^M)</td>
<td>Sets the ASCII code for the carriage return character.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S4</td>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>0–127</td>
<td>10 (^J)</td>
<td>Sets the ASCII code for the line feed character.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S5</td>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>0–32</td>
<td>8 (^H)</td>
<td>Sets the ASCII code for the backspace character. Values greater than 32 disable backspace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>33–127</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S6</td>
<td>seconds</td>
<td>2–65*</td>
<td>2*</td>
<td>Sets the time the modem waits after it goes off-hook before it begins to dial the telephone number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S7</td>
<td>seconds</td>
<td>1–255*</td>
<td>50*</td>
<td>Sets the time the modem waits for a carrier signal before aborting a call.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S8</td>
<td>seconds</td>
<td>0–65</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Sets the length of a pause caused by a comma character in a dialing command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S9</td>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>0, 1–127</td>
<td>37 (%)</td>
<td>Sets ASCII code for remote configuration escape character. <strong>S9=0</strong> disables remote configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S10</td>
<td>100 ms</td>
<td>1–254</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Sets how long a carrier signal must be lost before the modem disconnects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S11</td>
<td>1 ms</td>
<td>50–150*</td>
<td>95*</td>
<td>Sets spacing and duration of dialing tones.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S28</td>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>0, 1–255</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0 disables, 1–255 enables V.34 modulation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S30</td>
<td>1 minute</td>
<td>0, 1–255</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Sets the length of time that the modem waits before disconnecting when no data is sent or received. A value of zero disables the timer. See also the <strong>IT</strong> command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S35</td>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>0–1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0 disables, 1 enables the V.25 data calling tone, which allows remote data/fax/voice discrimination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S36</td>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>0–7</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Specifies the action to take in the event of a negotiation failure when error control is selected. (See <strong>S48</strong>.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Chapter 4 - AT Commands, S-Registers and Result Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Register</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S37</td>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>0–19</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Sets the maximum V.34 “upstream” speed at which the modem attempts to connect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 = maximum modem speed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1 = reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2 = 1200/75 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3 = 300 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4 = reserved</td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 = 1200 bps</td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>6 = 2400 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7 = 4800 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td>8 = 7200 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9 = 9600 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 = 12000 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>11 = 14400 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td>12 = 16800 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>13 = 19200 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>14 = 21600 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td>15 = 24000 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>16 = 26400 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>17 = 28800 bps</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>18 = 31200 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>19 = 33600 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S38</td>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>0–23</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sets the maximum 56K “downstream” speed at which the modem attempts to connect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The default maximum speed is 56K bps.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>V.90 Rates</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 = V.90 disabled</td>
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<td></td>
<td>1 = V.90 enabled*</td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>2 = 28000 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3 = 29333 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td>4 = 30666 bps</td>
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<td>5 = 32000 bps</td>
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<td>6 = 33333 bps</td>
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<td>7 = 34666 bps</td>
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<td>8 = 36000 bps</td>
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<td>9 = 37333 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td>10 = 38666 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td>11 = 40000 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>12 = 41333 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>13 = 42666 bps</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>14 = 44000 bps</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 = 45333 bps</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>16 = 46666 bps</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>17 = 48000 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td>18 = 49333 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td>19 = 50666 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>20 = 52000 bps</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>21 = 53333 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>22 = 54666 bps</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>23 = 56000 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>* with automatic speed selection at maximum modem speed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* with automatic speed selection at maximum modem speed
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Register</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S42</td>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>0–1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Enables/disables the 56K auto rate. When 56K auto is disabled, fallback to V.34 is also disabled. 0 = disable; 1 = enable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S43</td>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>0–1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>For testing and debugging only. Enables/disables V.32bis start-up auto mode operation. 0 = disable; 1 = enable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S48</td>
<td>decimal</td>
<td>7 or 128</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Enables (7) or disables (128) LAPM negotiation. The following table lists the S36 and S48 configuration settings for certain types of connections.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S36, S48</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S48=7</td>
<td>S48=128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S36=0, 2</td>
<td>LAPM or hangup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S36=1, 3</td>
<td>LAPM or async</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S36=4, 6</td>
<td>LAPM, MNP, or hangup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S36=5, 7</td>
<td>LAPM, MNP, or async</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| S89      | seconds | 0, 5–255 | 10 | Sets the length of time in the off-line command mode before the modem goes into standby mode. A value of zero prevents standby mode; a value of 1–4 sets the value to 5. |

| S109     | decimal | 0, 1 or 2 | 1 | Selects one of three 56K operating modes. 8.90 disabled 1 K56flex or V.90 (dual-mode enabled) 2 V.90 only (K56flex disabled) |
### Result Codes

In command mode your modem can send responses called *result codes* to your computer. Result codes are used by communications programs and can also appear on your monitor.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terse</th>
<th>Verbose</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>OK</td>
<td>Command executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>CONNECT</td>
<td>Modem connected to line</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>RING</td>
<td>Ring signal detected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>NO CARRIER</td>
<td>Carrier signal lost or not detected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>ERROR</td>
<td>Invalid command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>CONNECT 1200</td>
<td>Connected at 1200 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>NO DIALTONE</td>
<td>No dial tone detected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>BUSY</td>
<td>Busy signal detected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>NO ANSWER</td>
<td>No answer at remote end</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10*</td>
<td>CONNECT 2400</td>
<td>Connected at 2400 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11*</td>
<td>CONNECT 4800</td>
<td>Connected at 4800 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12*</td>
<td>CONNECT 9600</td>
<td>Connected at 9600 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13*</td>
<td>CONNECT 14400</td>
<td>Connected at 14400 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14*</td>
<td>CONNECT 19200</td>
<td>Connected at 19200 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24*</td>
<td>CONNECT 7200</td>
<td>Connected at 7200 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25*</td>
<td>CONNECT 12000</td>
<td>Connected at 12000 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26*</td>
<td>CONNECT 16800</td>
<td>Connected at 16800 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40*</td>
<td>CONNECT 300</td>
<td>Connected at 300 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55*</td>
<td>CONNECT 21600</td>
<td>Connected at 21600 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56*</td>
<td>CONNECT 24000</td>
<td>Connected at 24000 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57*</td>
<td>CONNECT 26400</td>
<td>Connected at 26400 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58*</td>
<td>CONNECT 28800</td>
<td>Connected at 28800 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59*</td>
<td>CONNECT 31200</td>
<td>Connected at 31200 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60*</td>
<td>CONNECT 33600</td>
<td>Connected at 33600 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70*</td>
<td>CONNECT 32000</td>
<td>Connected at 32000 bps, 56K rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71*</td>
<td>CONNECT 34000</td>
<td>Connected at 34000 bps, 56K rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72*</td>
<td>CONNECT 36000</td>
<td>Connected at 36000 bps, 56K rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73*</td>
<td>CONNECT 38000</td>
<td>Connected at 38000 bps, 56K rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74*</td>
<td>CONNECT 40000</td>
<td>Connected at 40000 bps, 56K rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75*</td>
<td>CONNECT 42000</td>
<td>Connected at 42000 bps, 56K rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76*</td>
<td>CONNECT 44000</td>
<td>Connected at 44000 bps, 56K rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77*</td>
<td>CONNECT 46000</td>
<td>Connected at 46000 bps, 56K rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78*</td>
<td>CONNECT 48000</td>
<td>Connected at 48000 bps, 56K rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79*</td>
<td>CONNECT 50000</td>
<td>Connected at 50000 bps, 56K rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80*</td>
<td>CONNECT 52000</td>
<td>Connected at 52000 bps, 56K rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81*</td>
<td>CONNECT 54000</td>
<td>Connected at 54000 bps, 56K rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82*</td>
<td>CONNECT 56000</td>
<td>Connected at 56000 bps, 56K rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88</td>
<td>DELAYED</td>
<td>Delay is in effect for the dialed number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89</td>
<td>BLACKLISTED</td>
<td>Dialed number is blacklisted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>BLACKLIST FULL</td>
<td>Blacklist is full</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>CONNECT 28000</td>
<td>Connected at 28000 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101</td>
<td>CONNECT 29333</td>
<td>Connected at 29333 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102</td>
<td>CONNECT 30666</td>
<td>Connected at 30666 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>103</td>
<td>CONNECT 33333</td>
<td>Connected at 33333 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>104</td>
<td>CONNECT 34666</td>
<td>Connected at 34666 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>105</td>
<td>CONNECT 37333</td>
<td>Connected at 37333 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>106</td>
<td>CONNECT 38666</td>
<td>Connected at 38666 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>107</td>
<td>CONNECT 41333</td>
<td>Connected at 41333 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>108</td>
<td>CONNECT 42666</td>
<td>Connected at 42666 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>109</td>
<td>CONNECT 45333</td>
<td>Connected at 45333 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110</td>
<td>CONNECT 46666</td>
<td>Connected at 46666 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>111</td>
<td>CONNECT 49333</td>
<td>Connected at 49333 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>112</td>
<td>CONNECT 50666</td>
<td>Connected at 50666 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>113</td>
<td>CONNECT 53333</td>
<td>Connected at 53333 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>114</td>
<td>CONNECT 54666</td>
<td>Connected at 54666 bps, V.90 rate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* EC is added to these result codes when the extended result codes configuration option is enabled. EC is replaced by one of the following codes, depending on the type of error control connection:

- V42bis — V.42 error control (LAP-M) and V.42bis data compression
- V42 — V.42 error control (LAP-M) only
- MNP5 — MNP 4 error control and MNP 5 data compression
- MNP4 — MNP 4 error control only
- NoEC — No error control protocol.
Introduction

Remote configuration is a network management tool that allows you to configure modems anywhere in your network from one location. With password-protected remote configuration, you can issue AT commands to a remote MT5634ZBA-USB modem for maintenance or troubleshooting as if you were on-site.

Basic Procedure

The following steps are valid regardless of whether the connection is established by the local or the remote Multi-Tech modem.

1. Establish a data connection with a remote MT5634ZBA-USB modem.
2. Send three remote configuration escape characters followed by AT and the setup password, and press ENTER. Example: %%%ATMTSMODEM<CR>. You have four tries to enter the correct password before being disconnected. If the password is correct, the remote modem responds with OK.
3. You can now send AT commands to configure the remote modem.
4. When you have finished configuring the remote modem, save the new configuration by typing AT&W0<CR>, then type ATO<CR> to exit remote configuration. You can then break the connection in the normal way.

CAUTION: If you hang up while you are in remote configuration mode, it may lock up the remote modem.

Setup

Multi-Tech modems are shipped with a default setup password (MTSMODEM). Because anyone who has an owner’s manual knows the default setup password, for security you should change the password and possibly also the remote configuration escape character.

Changing the Setup Password

1. Open a data communications program such as HyperTerminal.
2. In the terminal window, type AT#SMTSMODEM (or AT#Syyyyyy if you have replaced the MTSMODEM password with yyyyyy) and press ENTER. The modem responds with OK if the setup password is correct, and ERROR if it is wrong.
3. To change the password, type AT#S=yyyyyy, where yyyyyy stands for the password, and press ENTER. The password can include any keyboard character, and must be one to eight characters long. The modem responds with OK.
4. The new password is saved automatically. You can now either enter more AT commands or exit the data communications program. The next time you remotely configure the modem you must use the new setup password.

Note: You can only change the setup password locally; you cannot do it remotely. Also, passwords are case sensitive. The next time you enter the password, it must be in the same case as you set it up.
Changing the Remote Escape Character

To increase security, you can change a remote modem’s remote configuration escape character. The remote configuration escape character is stored in register S9. The factory default is 37, which is the ASCII code for the percent character (%). Setting S9 to 0 (zero) disables remote configuration entirely—but if you do this remotely, you won’t be able to change it back remotely!

1. Establish a remote configuration link with the remote modem as described in “Basic Procedure.”
2. Type ATS9=n, where n is the ASCII code for the new remote configuration escape character, then press ENTER.
3. Save the new value by typing AT&W and pressing ENTER.
4. Type ATO<CR> to exit remote configuration.
Introduction

Your modem was thoroughly tested at the factory before it was shipped. If you are unable to make a successful connection, or if you experience data loss or garbled characters during your connection, it is possible that the modem is defective. However, it is more likely that the source of your problem lies elsewhere. The following symptoms are typical of problems you might encounter:

- None of the LEDs light when the modem is on.
- The modem does not respond to commands.
- The modem dials but is unable to make a connection.
- The modem disconnects while online.
- The modem cannot connect when answering.
- The modem doesn’t work with Caller ID.
- Fax and data software can’t run at the same time.

If you experience problems, please check the following possibilities before calling Technical Support (see Appendix D).

None of the Indicators Light

When you plug in the modem, the Power LED should come on. After the operating system detects and configures the modem, the TR LED should come on.

- If the Power LED does not come on, double check the cable connections.
- If the TR LED does not come on, check to see that the software from the installation CD has been installed (see Chapter 2).

The Modem Does Not Respond to Commands

- Make sure you are issuing the modem commands from the data communications software, either manually in terminal mode or automatically by configuring the software.
- Make sure you are in terminal mode in your data communications program, then type AT and press ENTER. If you get an OK response, your connections are good and the problem likely is in the connection setup in your communications software.
- Try resetting your modem by unplugging the USB cable from the modem, and then plugging it back in.
- Try rebooting the computer.
- The modem might be defective. If you have another Multi-Tech modem, try swapping modems. If the problem goes away, the first modem is possibly defective. Call Tech Support for assistance (see Appendix D).
Chapter 6 - Troubleshooting

The Modem Dials But Cannot Connect

There can be several reasons the ZBA fails to make a connection. Possibilities include:

- lack of a physical connection to the telephone line
- a wrong dial tone
- a busy signal
- a wrong number
- no modem at the other end
- a faulty modem, computer, or software at the other end
- incompatibility between modems

You can narrow the list of possibilities by using extended result codes. Extended result codes are enabled by default. If they have been disabled, enter \texttt{ATV1X4} and press \texttt{ENTER} while in terminal mode, or include \texttt{V1X4} in the modem's initialization string.

When you dial again, the modem will report the call's progress.

- If the modem reports \texttt{NO DIALTONE}, check that the modem's telephone line cable is connected to both the modem's \texttt{LINE} jack (not the \texttt{PHONE} jack) and the telephone wall jack. If the cable looks secure, try replacing it. If that doesn't work, the problem might be in your building's telephone installation. To test the building installation, plug a telephone into your modem's telephone wall jack and listen for a dial tone. If you hear a dial tone, your modem might be installed behind a company phone system (PBX) with an internal dial tone that sounds different from the normal dial tone. In that case, the modem might not recognize the dial tone and might treat it as an error. Check your PBX manual to see if you can change the internal dial tone; if you can't, change your modem's initialization string to replace \texttt{X4} with \texttt{X3}, which will cause the modem to ignore dial tones (note, however, that \texttt{X3} is not allowed in some countries, such as France and Spain).

- If the modem reports \texttt{BUSY}, the other number might be busy, in which case you should try again later, or it might indicate that you have failed to add a 9, prefix to the phone number if you must dial 9 for an outside line.

  If you must dial 9 to get an outside line, the easiest way to dial it automatically is to include it in the modem's dial prefix, e.g., \texttt{ATDT9}. Note the comma, which inserts a pause before the number is dialed. By inserting 9, into the dial prefix, you do not have to include it in each directory entry.

- If the modem reports \texttt{NO ANSWER}, the other system has failed to go off-hook, or you might have dialed a wrong number. Check the number.

- If the modem reports \texttt{NO CARRIER}, the phone was answered at the other end, but no connection was made. You might have dialed a wrong number, and a person answered instead of a computer, or you might have dialed the correct number but the other computer or software was turned off or faulty. Check the number and try again, or try calling another system to make sure your modem is working. Also, try calling the number on your telephone. If you hear harsh sounds, then another modem is answering the call, and the modems might be having problems negotiating because of modem incompatibilities or line noise. Try connecting at a lower speed.
The Modem Disconnects While Online

- If you have Call Waiting on the same phone line as your modem, it can interrupt your connection when someone tries to call you. If you have Call Waiting, disable it before each call. In most telephone areas in North America, you can disable Call Waiting by preceding the telephone number with *70 (check with your local telephone company).

  You can automatically disable Call Waiting by including the disabling code in the modem’s dial prefix (e.g., ATDT*70,—note the comma, which inserts a pause before the number is dialed).

- If you have extension phones on the same line as your modem, you or someone else can interrupt the connection by picking up another phone. If this is a frequent problem, disconnect the extension phones before using the modem, or install another phone line especially for the modem.

- Check for loose connections between the modem and the computer and the telephone jack.

- You might have had a poor connection because of line conditions or the problem might have originated on the other end of the line. Try again.

- If you were online with a BBS or an online service like CompuServe, it might have hung up on you because of lack of activity on your part or because you exceeded your time limit for the day. Try again.

The Modem Cannot Connect When Answering

- Autoanswer might be disabled. Turn on autoanswer in your data communications program or send the command ATS0=1 (ATS0=2 if you have Caller ID service) to make sure your modem in terminal mode.

The Modem Doesn’t Work with Caller ID

- Caller ID information is transmitted between the first and second rings, so if autoanswer is turned off (S0=0) or if the modem is set to answer after only one ring (S0=1), the modem will not receive Caller ID information. Check your initialization string, and if necessary change it to set the modem to answer after the second ring (S0=2).

- Make sure that you have Caller ID service from your telephone company.

Fax and Data Software Can’t Run at the Same Time

Communications devices can be accessed by only one application at a time. You may be able to have data and fax communication applications open at the same time, but they cannot use the same modem at the same time.
Appendixes
Appendix A: Regulatory Compliance

**FCC Regulations for Telephone Line Interconnection**

1. This equipment complies with Part 68 of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules. On the outside surface of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, the FCC registration number and ringer equivalence number (REN). If requested, this information must be provided to the telephone company.

2. The suitable USOC jack (Universal Service Order Code connecting arrangement) for this equipment is shown below. If applicable, the facility interface codes (FIC) and service order codes (SOC) are shown.

   An FCC-compliant telephone cord and modular plug is provided with this equipment. This equipment is designed to be connected to the telephone network or premises wiring using a compatible modular jack that is Part 68 compliant. See installation instructions for details.

3. The ringer equivalence number (REN) is used to determine the quantity of devices that may be connected to the telephone line. Excessive RENs on the telephone line may result in the devices not ringing in response to an incoming call. In most, but not all areas, the sum of the RENs should not exceed five (5.0). To learn the number of devices that may be connected to the line, contact the telephone company to determine the maximum REN for the calling area.

4. If this equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of service may be required. But if advance notice isn’t practical, the telephone company will notify you as soon as possible. Also, you will be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe it is necessary.

5. The telephone company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operations, or procedures that could affect the operation of the equipment. If this happens, the telephone company will provide advance notice in order for you to make necessary modifications in order to maintain uninterrupted service.

6. If trouble is experienced with this equipment (the model of which is indicated below) please contact Multi-Tech Systems, Inc. at the address shown below for details of how to have repairs made. If the trouble is causing harm to the telephone network, the telephone company may request you remove the equipment from the network until the problem is resolved.

7. No repairs are to be made by you. Repairs are to be made only by Multi-Tech Systems or its licensees. Unauthorized repairs void registration and warranty.

8. This equipment cannot be used on the public coin service provided by the telephone company. Connection to Party Line Service is subject to state tariffs. (Contact the state public utility commission, public service commission or corporation commission for information.)

9. If so required, this equipment is hearing-aid compatible.
Manufacturer: Multi-Tech Systems, Inc.
Model Number: MT5634ZBA-USB
FCC Registration No: AU7USA-24713-M5-E
Ringer Equivalence: 0.3B
Modular Jack (USOC): RJ11C or RJ11W (single line)
Service Center in USA: Multi-Tech Systems, Inc.
2205 Woodale Drive
Mounds View, MN 55112
(800) 328-9717
(612) 785-3500
(612) 785-9874 FAX

Class B Statement

FCC Part 15

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
(1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
(2) This device must accept any interference that may cause undesired operation.

Warning: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user’s authority to operate the equipment.

Industry Canada

This Class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numerique de la classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Reglement sur le materiel brouilleur du Canada.
Canadian Limitations Notice

RINGER EQUIVALENCE NUMBER

NOTICE: The ringer equivalence number (REN) assigned to each terminal device provides an indication of the maximum number of terminals allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination on an interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the sum of the ringer equivalence numbers of all the devices does not exceed 5.

NOTICE: The Industry Canada label identifies certified equipment. This certification means that the equipment meets certain telecommunications network protective, operational and safety requirements. The Department does not guarantee the equipment will operate to the user’s satisfaction.

Before installing this equipment, users should ensure that it is permissible to be connected to the facilities of the local telecommunications company. The equipment must also be installed using an acceptable method of connection. The customer should be aware that compliance with the above conditions may not prevent degradation of service in some situations. Repairs to certified equipment should be made by an authorized Canadian maintenance facility designated by the supplier. Any repairs or alterations made by the user to this equipment, or equipment malfunctions may give the telecommunications company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment.

Users should ensure for their own protection that the electrical ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines and internal metallic water pipe system, if present, are connected together. This precaution may be particularly important in rural areas.

Caution: Users should not attempt to make such connections themselves, but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority, or electrician, as appropriate.

FAX Branding Statement

The Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991 makes it unlawful for any person to use a computer or other electronic device, including fax machines, to send any message unless such message clearly contains the following information:

- Date and time the message is sent
- Identification of the business or other entity, or other individual sending the message
- Telephone number of the sending machine or such business, other entity, or individual

This information is to appear in a margin at the top or bottom of each transmitted page or on the first page of the transmission. (Adding this information in the margin is referred to as fax branding.)

Since any number of Fax software packages can be used with this product, the user must refer to the Fax software manual for setup details. Typically the Fax branding information must be entered via the configuration menu of the software.
European Directives

The equipment has been approved to [Commission Decision “CTR21”] for pan-European single terminal connection to the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN). However, due to differences between the individual PSTNs provided in different countries, the approval does not, of itself, give an unconditional assurance of successful operation on every PSTN network termination point.

In the event of problems, you should contact your equipment supplier in the first instance.

The CE mark is affixed to the enclosed product to confirm compliance with the following European Community Directives:


and


and


International Modem Restrictions

Some dialing and answering defaults and restrictions may vary for international modems. Changing settings may cause a modem to become non-compliant with national telecom requirements in specific countries. Also note that some software packages may have features or lack restrictions that may cause the modem to become non-compliant.

New Zealand Telecom Warning Notice

Use of pulse dialing, when this equipment is connected to the same line as other equipment, may give rise to ‘bell tinkle’ or noise and may also cause a false answer condition. Should such problems occur, the user should NOT contact the Telecom Faults Service.

The preferred method of dialing is to use DTMF tones, as this is faster than pulse (decadic) dialing and is readily available on almost all New Zealand telephone exchanges.

Warning Notice: No ‘111’ or other calls can be made from this device during a mains power failure.
Appendix B: Technical Specifications

Your MultiModemZBA-USB fax modem meets the following specifications:

**Trade Name**  
MultiModemUSB™

**Model Number**  
MT5634ZBA-USB

**Client-to-Server**  
V.90 or K56flex speeds when accessing an ISP type V.90 or K56flex server (actual speed depends on server capabilities and line conditions) *

**Client-to-Client**  
33,600, 31,200, 28,800, 26,400, 24,000, 21,600, 19,200, 16,800, 14,400, 12,000, 9600, 7200, 4800, 2400, 1200, 0-300 bps

**Fax Data Rates**  
14,400, 9600, 7200, 4800, 2400, 300 bps

**Data Format**  
Serial, binary, asynchronous

**Modem Compatibility**  
ITU V.90, K56flex; ITU-T V.34 enhanced, V.34, V.32terbo, V.32bis, V.32, V.22bis, V.22; Bell 212A and 103/113; ITU-T V.29, V.42, V.42bis; ITU-T V.21 & V.23 in international versions

**Fax Compatibility**  
ITU-T Group 3, Class 1 and 2, T.4, T.30, V.21, V.27ter, V.29, V.17, and TIA/EIA TR29.2

**Error Correction**  
ITU-T V.42 (LAP-M or MNP 3–4)

**Data Compression**  
ITU-T V.42bis (4:1 throughput), MNP 5 (2:1 throughput)

**Flow Control**  
XON/XOFF (software), RTS/CTS (hardware)

**Intelligent Features**  
Fully AT command compatible; autodial, redial, repeat dial; pulse or tone dial; dial pauses; auto answer; caller ID; EIA extended automode; adaptive line probing; automatic symbol and carrier frequency during start-up, retrain, and rate renegotiation; call status display, auto-parity and data rate selections; keyboard-controlled modem options; non-volatile memory; on-screen displays for modem option parameters; command lines of up to 40 characters each; help menus; remote configuration;

**Command Buffer**  
40 characters

**Data Modulation**  
FSK at 300 bps, PSK at 1200 bps, QAM at 2400, 4800, and 9600 bps (non-trellis), QAM with trellis-coded modulation (TCM) at 9600, 12,000, 14,400, 16,800, 19,200, 21,600, 24,000, 26,400, 28,800, 31,200, 33,600, and 56,000 bps

**Fax Modulation**  
V.21 CH2 FSK at 300 bps (half duplex)  
V.27ter DPSK at 4800 and 2400 bps  
V.29 QAM at 9600 and 7200 bps  
V.17TCM at 14400, 12000, 9600, and 7200 bps
### Carrier Frequencies

#### ITU-T V.34
- 1600, 1646, 1680, 1800, 1829, 1867, 1920, 1959, 2000 Hz

#### ITU-T V.32bis/V.32
- 1800 Hz

#### Carrier Frequencies
- Transmit originate: 1200 Hz
- Transmit answer: 2400 Hz
- Receive originate: 2400 Hz
- Receive answer: 1200 Hz

#### Bell 212A Standard
- Transmit originate: 390 Hz mark
- Transmit originate: 450 Hz space
- Receive originate: 1200 Hz
- Receive originate: 2400 Hz
- Transmit answer: 1200 Hz
- Transmit answer: 2400 Hz
- Receive answer: 390 Hz mark
- Receive answer: 450 Hz space

#### ITU-T V.23
- Transmit originate: 980 Hz mark
- Transmit originate: 1180 Hz space
- Receive originate: 1270 Hz mark
- Receive originate: 1070 Hz space
- Transmit answer: 1650 Hz mark
- Transmit answer: 1850 Hz space
- Receive answer: 1650 Hz mark
- Receive answer: 1850 Hz space
- Transmit answer: 980 Hz mark
- Transmit answer: 1180 Hz space
- Receive answer: 980 Hz mark
- Receive answer: 1180 Hz space

#### ITU-T V.21
- Transmit originate: 1270 Hz mark
- Transmit originate: 1070 Hz space
- Receive originate: 2225 Hz mark
- Receive originate: 2025 Hz space
- Transmit answer: 2225 Hz mark
- Transmit answer: 2025 Hz space
- Receive answer: 1270 Hz mark
- Receive answer: 1070 Hz space

#### Bell 103/113
- Transmit originate: 2225 Hz mark
- Transmit originate: 2025 Hz space
- Receive originate: 1270 Hz mark
- Receive originate: 1070 Hz space

#### Fax Carrier Frequencies
- V.21 Ch2 (half duplex):
  - Transmit originate: 1650 Hz mark, 1850 Hz space for transmit originate
  - Transmit answer: 1800 Hz originate/answer
  - V.27ter: 1800 Hz originate/answer
  - V.29 QAM: 1800 Hz originate/answer
  - V.17 TCM: 1800 Hz originate/answer

#### Transmit Level
- -11 dBm (dial-up)

#### Frequency Stability
- ±0.01%

#### Receiver Sensitivity
- -43 dBm under worst-case conditions

#### AGC Dynamic Range
- 43 dB

#### Connectors
- USB connector; two RJ-11 phone jacks

#### Cables
- One 7-foot RJ-11 phone cable
- One 4-foot USB cable

**Note:** Any cables connected to the computer should be shielded to reduce interference.
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Appendix C: Loopback Tests

Introduction

Each time you turn on your modem, it performs an automatic self-test to ensure proper operation. Your modem also has three diagnostic tests: local analog loopback, remote digital loopback, and local digital loopback. These ITU-T V.54 loopback tests isolate telephone circuit and transmission problems.

In a loopback test, data from your computer loops through the circuits of your modem and/or a remote modem before it appears on your monitor. When the loop has been completed, the data on your computer’s monitor should match the original data.

The local analog loopback test allows you to verify that the modem’s transmitter and receiver circuits are functioning properly.

The local digital loopback allows you to verify that the local computer or terminal, the two modems, and the transmission line between them are functioning properly.

The remote digital loopback test allows you to verify that the remote computer or terminal, the remote modem, the serial ports, the telephone line, and the local modem are functioning properly.

Note: All loopback tests operate at all speeds except 300 bps.
Local Analog Loopback Test (V.54 Loop 3)

In this test, data from your computer or terminal is sent to your modem’s transmitter, converted into analog form, looped back to the modem’s receiver, converted into digital form, and then sent to your monitor for verification. No connection to the phone line is required.

Test Procedure

1. Connect the modem to your computer. Using your communication program, set the desired baud rate and go into terminal mode.

2. Type `AT&T1` and press ENTER. This places your modem in analog loopback mode in the originate mode. A `CONNECT` message should appear on your display. The modem is now out of command mode and in a pseudo-online mode.

3. Note that the CD LED is on. If you are set for 14,400 bps or higher, a speed LED should be on. If the CD LED is not on, there is a defect in your modem.

4. Enter characters from your keyboard. For this test, typing multiple uppercase `U` characters is a good way to send an alternating test pattern of binary ones and zeros. The characters entered should be displayed on your monitor. The TD and RD LEDs should flash when a character is entered.

5. To exit the test, type the escape sequence `+++AT` and press ENTER. This puts the modem in online command mode. Then type either `AT&T` or `ATH` to return to command mode.

6. Your modem passes this test if the data received on your monitor are the same as the data entered from your keyboard. If different data appear on your monitor, your modem is probably causing the problem, though it could also be your computer. If your modem passes this test, but you are receiving errors while on line, the remote modem or the phone line could be at fault.
Remote Digital Loopback Test (V.54 Loop 2)

The remote digital loopback test tests the phone lines and the circuits of both your modem and a remote modem. In this test, your modem must be on line with another modem that is set up to respond to a request for remote digital loopback. (Note that some modems might not support remote digital loopback or might have it disabled.) Data from your computer or terminal is transmitted through your modem and over the phone line to the remote modem, where it is then looped back to your modem.

![Diagram of Remote Digital Loopback Test](image)

**Figure C-2. Remote digital loopback test.**

**Test Procedure**

1. Arrange to have **&T6** set on the remote test modem.
2. Open your communications software and go into terminal mode. Type **AT** and press ENTER; you should get an **OK** message. Type **AT\N** and press ENTER to disable error correction.
3. Dial the remote modem and establish your online connection.
4. Type the escape sequence **+++AT** and press ENTER to bring your modem into online command mode.
5. Type **AT&T6** and press ENTER. The local modem responds to this command by transmitting an unscrambled marking signal, which causes the remote modem to place itself in digital loopback mode. Then the local modem exits online command mode and enters data mode.
6. Enter data from your keyboard. For this test, typing multiple uppercase **U** characters is a good way to send an alternating test pattern of binary ones and zeroes. Data received by the remote modem enters its analog receiver, is converted to digital data, is reconverted into analog, and then is transmitted back to your modem. Your modem passes this test if the data received on your monitor is the same as the data entered from your keyboard.
7. To exit the test, type the escape sequence **+++AT** and press ENTER. This puts the modem in online command mode. The modem should respond with an **OK** message. If you wish to stay on line with the remote modem for normal data transmission, type **AT&T** and press ENTER to exit the test, then type **ATO** and press ENTER to return on line. If you wish to terminate the call, type **ATH** and press ENTER to hang up.
Local Digital Loopback Test (V.54 Loop 2)

The local digital loopback test is identical to the remote digital loopback test with one exception. Instead of using your modem to signal a remote modem to place itself in digital loopback mode, your modem is placed in digital loopback mode while the remote modem is not. Data is entered and transmitted from the remote modem, sent across the phone line to your modem, and looped back to the remote modem.

![Diagram of Local Digital Loopback Test](image)

**Figure C-3. Local digital loopback test**

**Test Procedure**

1. Open your communications software and go into terminal mode. Type AT and press ENTER; you should get an OK message. Type AT\N and press ENTER to disable error correction.

2. Dial the remote modem and establish your online connection.

3. Type the escape sequence +++AT and press ENTER to bring your modem into online command mode.

4. Type AT&T3 and press ENTER. Once you receive an OK message from your modem (if responses are enabled), your modem is placed in digital loopback mode.

5. Have someone enter data from the remote keyboard. For this test, typing multiple uppercase U characters is a good way to send an alternating test pattern of binary ones and zeros. The data received by your modem enters its analog receiver, is converted to digital data, is reconverted into analog, and then is transmitted back to the remote modem. Your modem passes this test if the data received on the remote monitor is the same as the data entered from the remote keyboard.

6. To exit the test, type the escape sequence +++AT and press ENTER. This puts the modem in online command mode. The modem should respond with an OK message. If you wish to stay on line with the remote modem for normal data transmission, type AT&T and press ENTER to exit the test, then type ATO and press ENTER to return on line. If you wish to terminate the call, type ATH and press ENTER to hang up.
Appendix D: Warranty, Service, and Technical Support

Limited Warranty

Multi-Tech Systems, Inc. (MTS) warrants that this product will be free from defects in material or workmanship for a period of ten years from the date of purchase or, if date of purchase is not provided, ten years from the date of shipment (limited to customers in the U.S., Canada, Mexico, and United Kingdom). For customers in all other countries, due to certain legal restrictions, MTS warrants that this product will be free from defects in material or workmanship for a period of five years from the date of purchase or, if date of purchase is not provided, five years from the date of shipment, unless otherwise limited or prohibited by law.

MTS MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED.

This warranty does not apply to any products that have been damaged by lightning storms, water, or power surges, or that have been neglected, altered, abused, used for a purpose other than the one for which they were manufactured, repaired by the customer or any party without MTS’s written authorization, or used in any manner inconsistent with MTS’s instructions.

MTS’s entire obligation under this warranty shall be limited (at MTS’s option) to repair or replacement of any products that prove to be defective within the warranty period, or, at MTS’s option, issuance of a refund of the purchase price. Defective products must be returned by Customer to MTS’s factory with transportation prepaid.

MTS WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES AND UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES WILL ITS LIABILITY EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR DEFECTIVE PRODUCTS.

Online Warranty Registration

If you have access to the World Wide Web, you can register your Multi-Tech product online at the following URL:

http://www.multitech.com/register

Service

If you are outside the USA, your local distributor of Multi-Tech products usually offers the quickest and most economical repair option. If necessary, you may send your modem to our Mounds View factory in the USA. A modem that is shipped to us from outside the USA must have a Returned Materials Authorization (RMA) and shipping instructions. To return a modem for repair from inside the USA, no RMA is required; simply send it to us freight prepaid. Include a description of the problem, a return shipping address, and a check or purchase order for out-of-warranty repairs.

Please send modems that require repairs to the following address:

Multi-Tech Systems, Inc.
2205 Woodale Drive
Mounds View, MN 55112
Attn: Repair

If you are shipping from outside the USA, please contact our Repair Department for an RMA prior to your shipment. You can contact us by telephone at +(612) 785-3500 or by fax at +(612) 785-9874.
Technical Support

Multi-Tech Systems has an excellent staff of technical support personnel available to help you get the most out of your Multi-Tech product. If you have any questions about the operation of this unit, please call (800) 972-2439 (USA and Canada) or (612) 785-3500 (international and local). Please have modem information available. You can also contact Technical Support via the following URL:

http://www.multitech.com/_forms/email_tech_support.htm.

The Multi-Tech BBS

For customers who do not have Internet access, Multi-Tech maintains a bulletin board system (BBS) that mirrors its FTP site. Information available from the BBS includes new product information, product upgrade files, and problem-solving tips. The phone number for the Multi-Tech BBS is (800) 392-2432 (USA and Canada) or (612) 785-3702 (international and local).

The BBS can be accessed by any asynchronous modem operating at 1200 bps to 33,600 bps at a setting of 8 bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit (8-N-1).

To Log on to the Multi-Tech BBS

1. Set your communications program to **8-N-1**.
2. Dial our BBS at (800) 392-2432 (USA and Canada) or (612) 785-3702 (international and local).
3. At the prompts, type your first name, last name, and password; then press ENTER. If you are a first time caller, the BBS asks if your name is spelled correctly. If you answer yes, a questionnaire appears. You must complete the questionnaire to use the BBS on your first call.
4. Press ENTER until the Main Menu appears. From the Main Menu you have access to two areas: the Files Menu and News. For help on menu commands, type `?`.

To Download a File

**If you know the file name**

1. From the Main Menu, type `F` to access the Files Menu, then type `D`.
2. Enter the name of the file you wish to download from the BBS.
3. If a password is required, enter the password.
4. Answer `Y` or `N` to the automatic logoff question.
5. Select a file transfer protocol by typing the indicated letter, such as `Z` for Zmodem (the recommended protocol).
6. If you select Zmodem, the transfer will begin automatically. If you select another protocol, you may have to initiate the transfer yourself. (In most data communications programs, the PAGE DOWN key initiates the download.)
7. When the download is complete, press ENTER to return to the File Menu.
8. To exit the BBS, type `G` and press ENTER.
If you don’t know the file name

1. From the Main Menu, type F to access the Files Menu. For a list of file areas, type L, press ENTER, then type L and press ENTER again. (If you do not type the second L, you will list all of the files on the BBS.)

2. Mark each file area you would like to examine by typing its list number and pressing ENTER.

3. Enter L to list all the files in the selected file areas. Enter C to go forward in the file list and P to go back.

4. To mark one or more files for download, type M, press ENTER, type the list numbers of the files, and press ENTER again.

5. Enter D. You will see a list of the files you have marked. Enter E if you would like to edit the list; otherwise enter D again to start the download process.

6. Select a file transfer protocol by typing the indicated letter, such as Z for Zmodem (the recommended protocol).

7. If you select Zmodem, the file will transfer automatically. If you select another protocol, you may have to initiate the transfer yourself. (In most data communications programs, the PAGE DOWN key initiates the download.)

8. When the download is complete, press ENTER to return to the File Menu.

9. To exit the BBS, type G and press ENTER.

About the Internet

Multi-Tech is a commercial provider on the Internet, and we retrieve e-mail messages from the following mailboxes on a periodic basis:

Multi-Tech’s presence includes a Web site at:

http://www.multitech.com

and an ftp site at:

ftp://ftp.multitech.com

About the Multi-Tech Fax-Back Service

Multi-Tech’s fax-back system provides 24-hour access to sales, marketing, and technical literature for customers in the U.S.A. Dial (612) 717-5888, follow the voice prompts, and enter the document number for either the Sales and Marketing catalog or the Technical Support catalog of documents. For convenience, write your fax number in the following space: __________________________________________.

From the Sales and Marketing catalog, you can request to have newsletters, white papers, press releases, brochures, and other marketing literature faxed to you. From the Technical Support catalog, you can request basic modem operation information and troubleshooting guides. With either catalog, simply enter the FB Doc. number of the literature you wish to receive.
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